the National Fund for Calamity Relief (NFCR) are in various stages of processing.

गेहूं का समर्थन मूल्य

491. **श्री दिलीप सिंह जूदेव :** क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:(क) सरकार ने चालू वित्त वर्ष के दौरान गेहूं का क्या समर्थन मूल्य निर्धारित किया है;

(ख) क्या देश के प्रमुख गेहूं उत्पादक राज्यों के मुख्यमंत्रियों ने हाल ही में गेंहू के समर्थन मूल्य में वृद्धि किए जाने हेतु कोई विस्तृत ज्ञापन दिया हैं;

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है; और

(घ) आयातित गेहूं की तुलना में समर्थन मूल्य किस हद तक प्रतिकूल रूप से प्रभावित होगा?

कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री सोमपाल) : (क) 1998-99 में बेची जाने वाली 1997-98 की गेहूं का फसल का न्यूनतम समर्थन मूल्य 455/- रूपए प्रति क्विंटल है। इसके अतिरिक्त, सरकार ने 01.04.98 से 30.06.98 की अवधि के दौरान सार्वजनिक एजेन्सियों को की गई बिक्री के लिए 55/- रूपए प्रति क्विंटल के केन्द्रीय बोनस का भुगतान किया है।

(ख) से (घ) 1999-2000 में बेची जाने वाली 1998-99 की गेहूं की फसल के लिए न्यूनतम समर्थन मूल्य के संबंध में सरकार वर्तमान में सक्रिय रूप से विचार कर रही है।

Edible Oil and Pulses

492. KUMARI NIRMALA DESHPANDE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that prices of edible oil and pulses have registered a steep hike recently due to acute short supply;

(b) if so, the details regarding extent of production and demand during the last three years and current year, year-wise and imports made and proposed during the current year;

(c) the details of special schemes implemented/proposed to augment production of pulses and oilseeds to meet domestic requirement; and

(d) the details of results achieved so far and action plan for the current year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL): (a) and (b) There has been a steep hike recently in the prices of Mustard oil among edible oils and Arhar among pulses. The production of Oilseeds & Pulses during the last three years and current year are as under:

(Million Tonnes)

Year	Producl tion	
	Oilseeds	Pulses
1994-95	21.34	14.04
1995-96	22.10	12.31
1996-97	24.96	14.46
1997-98	22.24	13.35

The demand as derived from indigenous production + import — export for edible oil and pulses in the country and the imports of these commodities are as under:

(Qty. in lakh tonnes)

Year	Demand		Import	
	Edible Oil	Pulses	Edible Oil	Pulses
1994-95	70.92	145.07	3.47	5.54
1995-96	74.73	127.40	10.62	4.91
1996-97	86.80	150.59	14.16	6.54
1997-98	75.90	138.49	11.30	6.59

(c) Centrally Sponsored Oilseeds Production Programme (OPP) and National Pulses Development Project (NPDP) are in implementation in various States to increase the production and productivity of Oilseeds & Pulses. Under both the schemes financial assistance is provided on various critical inputs like production and distribution of seeds, distribution of seed minikits, sprinkler sets, gypsunvpy-rites, improved farm inplements, micro-nutrients and rhyzobium culture etc. to induce the farmers to take up cultivation of these crops on large scale. In addition, frontline and general demonstrations are also organised on farmer's fields to disseminate production technology.

(d) After the implementation of O.P.P. the production of oilseeds has increased from 186.0 lakh tonnes in 1991-92 to 222.4 lakh tonnes in 1997-98. Similarly, through the implementation of N.P.D.P., the production of pulses has increased from 120.2 lakh tonnes in 1991-92 to 133.5 lakh tonnes in 1997-98. Further, the targets for the current year have been fixed at 270 lakh tonnes for oilseeds and 155 lakh tonnes for pulses.

Agricultural Production

493. DR. Y. LAKSHMI PRASAD: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the impact of flood on agricultural production this year especially in Assam, Bihar, West Bengal and Uttar Pradesh; and

(b) the steps taken to minimise the impact of anticipated shortage of foodgrains production in the country in 1998-99?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL): (a) The floods during South-West monsoon period reportedly damaged cropped area of 30.37 lakh ha. in the States of Assam, Bihar, West Bengal and Uttar Pradesh.

(b) The overall decline in production of foodgrains in Kharif 1998 is margind as compared to 1997-98. Further, as per the current trend of sowing, the prospects of Rabi crop are bright.

Prices of Cotton

DR. Y. LAKSHMI PRASAD will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether cotton prices are falling down;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor, and

(c) the steps taken to purchase the cotton of farmers to help them in distress?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL): (a) to (c) The prices of cotton which had declined recently due to peak harvest season have started increasing. The whole sale price indites for raw cotton are:—

August	377.1
September	370.4
October	361.9
November	367.3

The Prices are, however, prevailing much above the minimum support prices.

The Cotton Corporation of India (CCI) as nodal agency of the Government makes purchases for price support as and when the market prices touch the minimum support prices. The CCI also makes purchases under commercial purposes and for export purposes.

Development of Horticulture in Tribal Areas

495. SHRI RAHASBIHARI BARIK: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(9) whether Government are making special budget allocation for the development of horticulture in the backward and tribal areas;

(b) if so, the details of the Central allocation made to Orissa during last three years;